The Grievance/Merits of the Case

Arbitration Program

Mary McHugh

Grievance & Merits

- Overview
 - Role of Arbitration.
 Arbitrability & Scope
 Reviewing the Grievance
 Considering the Merits

- Dispute resolution
 - Favored method of resolving disputes between labor and management.

Final and binding.



• Final Step of Grievance Procedure

 Grievance handling the guts of contract enforcement.

- Don't be afraid, but be prepared.
- Contract enforcement is everyone's responsibility.

- Part of Collective Bargaining Process
 - Grievances/arbitration help determine the meaning of the contract.
 - Grievance/arbitration records and dispositions vital to negotiation process.



- The Grievance, the Union, and the Member
 - The grievance belongs to the Union.
 Use the Union grievance where
 - necessary.
 - Union determines whether or not to arbitrate.

Arbitrability & Scope

- The contract determines
 - What issues the arbitrator can/can't decide
 - What the arbitrator can/can't award



Arbitrability & Scope

- What does the contract say about what can be arbitrated?
 - o "all disputes" or something else?
- Are there any specific exclusions?
 o e.g. who can grieve, benefit denials, etc.
- What about legal issues?
 - Specific language
 - General language
 - No language

Arbitrability & Scope

- Arbitrability is a decision for the arbitrator.
 - General presumption in favor of arbitrability.

Be prepared on arbitrability and merits.

- A winning case on merits is still a loser if you don't have a winning case on arbitrability.
- Common arbitrability issues
 - Scope
 - Timeliness

 Decision to arbitrate must be made on the merits of the case.

Best to determine merits <u>before</u>
 deciding to arbitrate.

Obtain the grievance file to review investigation and arguments.

- The 5 Ws
 - WHO was involved?
 - WHEN did it happen?
 - WHERE did it happen?
 - WHAT happened?
 - WHY is this a grievance?
- And

Adjustment or remedy desired.

- Review the information gathered in the investigation.
- Accurate Measurement + Clear Meaning = Quality Information

 Do you have the appropriate measurements? Are they accurate? How do they compare?

• What do the measurements mean?

Identify and fill in any gaps in information.

 Sources: grievant, other workers, other witnesses, stewards, officers, representatives, supervisors, records.
 A.S.A.P.

- Checklist on Management's Action
 - o Fact or hearsay?
 - Investigate and verify prior to taking action?
 - Stack the deck?
 - Over-react?
 - Punitive, vindictive v. corrective, remedial?

- Checklist on Management's Action
 - Everyone punished for infractions of few?
 - Penalty too severe?
 - Story credible?
 - Discipline timely?
 - Progressive discipline?

- Check the Union's story too!
 - Be honest in evaluating evidence.
 - Story rational or a stretch?
 - Credible witnesses?
 - Play devil's advocate.
 - Check records.
 - Know what <u>all</u> the likely witnesses will say.

- Record Test
 - Look at them don't assume!
 - Weigh accuracy
 - Source of records
- Consistency Test
 - History of similar situations?
 - Discipline in similar situations?

• Any reason for discrimination?

• Contract, Rules, Etc.

•Was there a violation by the grievant?

•Was rule reasonable?

•Was rule known?

•Was rule valid?

Grievance Itself

 Charge stay consistent through process?

Employer piling on?
 Stories stay consistent through process?

Motives

Situation require you do understand?

Provocation v. defensive action? Motives of management?

Merits Review in Contract Cases

- Standards of Contract Interpretation
 - Clear meaning v. ambiguity
 - Intent of parties (actual not speculative)
 - o Law
 - Normal and technical usage
 - Context of entire contract
 - Avoid harsh, absurd results
 - Express one thing, exclude the other.

Merits Review in Contract Cases

- Standards of Contract Interpretation
 - Same term, same meaning
 - Specific beats general
 - Avoidance of forfeiture or penalty
 - Offers of compromise don't count
 - Custom and past practice
 - Industry practice
 - Prior settlements (grievances, arbitrations)
 - Arbitral authority

Final Considerations

- Type of case? Who has the burden of proof?
- Union principle or value at stake?
- Cost justified?
- Good or bad precedent?
- Consequences of win and loss?
- Other options for resolution?